Rajarata University Journal

Instructions for Authors

About the Journal

"Rajarata University Journal" is a multidisciplinary journal which publishes original research articles, review articles, short communications, technical reports and case reports in disciplines of Biological Sciences, Agriculture, Environment and Geosciences, Medical and Health Sciences, Computer and Information Science and Technology, Engineering, Mathematical and Physical Sciences, Social Sciences and Economics and Management and Education.

Frequency

The Journal would be published biannually, in June and in December.

Format

Manuscript should be submitted in the following format.

- 1. Paper size A4
- 2. Left margin 3cm other margins 2.5cm
- 3. Double Line spacing
- 4. Font Times New Roman; Font size 12 Manuscripts in Sinhala should follow font of FM Abaya and those in Tamil should follow Bamini font. (Please follow the format of title, headings and subheadings as in the template for manuscript for those in English language. Please download the template at http://www.rjt.ac.lk/journals/RUJ-template.docx)
- 5. Page numbering at bottom center
- 6. Paper should be in word processed using Ms Word 2007 or later

Medium: Articles can be provided in English, Sinhala or Tamil. The title, name(s) and affiliation of author(s), abstract and keywords should be provided in English language for articles in Sinhala or Tamil languages.

Original research articles: Manuscripts related to scientific research should contain Title Page, Abstract, keywords, Introduction (with objectives), Material and Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusion, Acknowledgements (if necessary) and References. Full papers should not extend beyond 3,000 words excluding figures and tables. The maximum number of figures and tables combined is 6. The word limit for abstract is 250 and the number of references should be limited to 25.

Review papers: Review papers would be scrutinized by the Editorial Board to select one article per issue. It should include Title Page, Abstract, Introduction outlining the main points and text under brief subheadings and references. It should not exceed5000words and the abstract should not exceed 250 words.

Short communications, Technical reports and Case reports– Should include a Title Page, Introduction, the case report, and References. Text should be limited to 1500 words and should contain no more than 3 tables or illustrations combined andreferences.

Title Page: The title should be concise and reflect the study carried out. Title should be in bold letters and if scientific names of organisms are included they should be written in italics. If common

or vernacular names follow the scientific name, these should be included within parenthesis. Author(s) name(s) and Institutional affiliation(s) should be given. The initials should be followed by the surname (last name). Institutions listed should be the affiliations of the author at the time of study.

Authors included should have contributed significantly for the work in one or more areas such as conceptualizing, designing, analyses and interpretation and drafting of the manuscript. Include the name and mailing address of the author responsible for correspondence.

Abstract: Abstract for full papers and reviews should not be more than 250 words. It should, in full papers, contain an Introduction, Material and Methods, Results, Discussion and a Conclusion. The abstract in reviews should express the scope of the review, state-of-the-art subject matter, authors' opinion and future perspectives.

Keywords: Immediately after the abstract, provide a maximum of 5, but at least 4, keywords and avoiding general and plural terms and multiple concepts. If abbreviations are used, only abbreviations firmly established in the field may be eligible. These keywords willbe used for indexing purposes. Therefore the words in the title should not be used as keywords.

Acronyms: Should be written in full the first time they appear in the text followed by the abbreviation in parenthesis.

Units: Units should be in international system of units(SI units). If other units are used, give the quantities in in equivalent SI units.

Nomenclature: Use internationally accepted rules and conventions in naming species of organisms. For biochemical nomenclature, refer http://www.chem.qmw.ac.uk/iubmb/ for information.

Generic names: The authors are requested not to promote any brand or trade names and to use generic names of drugs, chemicals, machineries or equipment etc. as far as possible.

Tables: All tables must be typed double – spaced. Tables should be numbered with Arabic numerals, in the order in which they are cited in the text. A table title should describe concisely the content of the table. Avoid vertical rules. Place footnotes to tables below the table body and indicate them with superscript lowercase letters. The data presented in the tables should not be duplicated elsewhere in the article.

Illustrations

All illustrations (Maps, Graphs, Drawings and Photographs) are considered as figures. Figures should be numbered with Arabic numerals, in the order in which they are cited in the text. Legends of figures should be concise and contain sufficient information to be understood without reference to text. Figures should be professionally drawn or prepared using a computer. Photomicrographs should have scale markers that indicate the degree of magnification. Only black and white (Grey scale) illustrations would be printed. However color illustrations are accepted for web publishing.

References

Citation in text: All cited references in the text should be present in the reference list and vice versa. Avoid citing references in the abstract. If essential, such references should be given in full. Unpublished results and personal communications are not acceptable in the reference list, but may be mentioned in the text. If citation of a reference as "in press" is included, authors must provide proofs for acceptance for publication. **References list:** Rajarata University Journal follows a referencing style similar to Vancouver style. See examples below.

Journal article: 5 authors or less

Gharoro EP, Ikeanyi EN. An appraisal of the levelof awareness and utilization of the Pap smearas a cervical cancer screening test among femalehealth workers in a tertiary health institution. International Journal of Gynaecological Cancer 2006; 16:1063–1068. DOI: 10.1111/j.1525-1438.2006.00579.x

Journal article: more than 5 authors

Waller J, McCaffery K, Forrest S, Szarewski A, Cadman L, et al. Awareness of human papillomavirus among women attending a well womanclinic. Sexually Transmitted Infections 2003; 79:320–322.

Published Book

Keating R. Grass Root Radio: A manual for fieldworkers in family planning and other areas of Socialand Economic development. London: University Press, 1977.

Edited book

Marshall SJ (Ed.). Mohenjo-Daro and the Indus Civilization. London: Arthur Probsthain, 1931.

Chapter of an edited book

Jogarathnam T. Plantation Agriculture and Economic Development in Ceylon. In: Dixey RN, (Ed). International Exploration of Agriculture Economics, Iowa: Iowa State University Press, 1964.

Web article with an author

Ranaweera MP. Ancient Stupas in Sri Lanka –Largest Brick Structures in the World. [Internet] http://www.stupa.org.nz/imagine/CHSPaper.pdf (Accessedon: 01/11/2005)

Web article with no author

Climate in Sri Lanka [Internet]. [Available from: http://www.meteo.gov.lk/ (Accessed on: 25/03/2013)

Published abstract in a conference proceeding

Wijewardane JDH. Agriculture and water pollutionin Sri Lanka. In: Dayawansa NDK, De Silva RP, (Eds). Proceedings of the Water Professionals'Day Symposium on Water Resources Research in Sri Lanka, 2011: 3-17.

Unpublished abstract, presented in a conference

Amarasekara MGTS, Dayawansa NDK, De SilvaWPRP. Institutional aspects of implementation of land and water policies in the Upper Mahaweli Catchment, Sri Lanka. International Conference on Water Resources Policy in South Asia. Colombo, Sri Lanka. 2008.

Technical report

Stocking MA.Soil erosion in UMC forest landuse mapping project.Technical Report No.14.Environmentand forest conservation division, Mahaweli Authority of Sri Lanka, Polgolla 1992. Parliament Act Soil Conservation (Amended) Act 1996. Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka: 1996.

Submission of Papers: Forward an electronic copy of the manuscript to the e-mail account of the editor. Deadline for submission of papers is 31stMarch for June issue and 30th September for December issue. The manuscripts are accepted on continuous basis.

Ethical Responsibilities: Where necessary authors should have obtained ethical clearance for the study from a recognized Ethical Review Committee. Statement to that effect should be made in the text under material and methods. Similarly if informed consent had been obtained from subjects, patients or their relatives where necessary it should be mentioned.

Submission checklist

Ensure that the following items are present, in order to avoid any undue delays in the process of reviewing and publishing.

- ✓ One Author designated as corresponding Author:
 - E-mail address
 - Full postal address
 - Telephone and fax numbers
- ✓ Keywords
- ✓ All figures and captions.
- ✓ All tables (including title, description, footnotes)

Further considerations

- ✓ Manuscript has been "spellchecked" and "grammar-checked"
- ✓ References are in the correct format for this journal
- ✓ All references mentioned in the Reference list are cited in the text, and vice versa
- ✓ Permission has been obtained for use of copyrighted material from other sources (including the Web)
- N.B. All articles received for publication will be acknowledged to the corresponding author. Each manuscript will be read by the editors to decide whether it should be further reviewed. Those selected for review may be sent anonymously to referees. Authors may suggest up to five referees to facilitate the review process, but the selection of referees is exclusively done by the editorial board.